



ALEXANDRIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 3.

INDEPENDENCE DAY.—To-morrow is the anniversary of the Declaration of the Representatives of the United States of America—(formerly British Colonies)—made in General Congress, that they were FREE and INDEPENDENT STATES. It is an anniversary worthy to be celebrated, and which ought to be commemorated by the people of this country. Even in the midst of war, both sides, with equal ardor, commemorated the event. Now, that peace has returned, let it be "freshly remembered."

In accordance with the usual custom, the office of the Alexandria Gazette will be closed this day, and no paper issued therefrom.

A correspondent in Fauquier county, inquires as to whether "Gov. Pierpont took any step, or entered any protest, whilst he was in Washington, a few days ago, in relation to the scheme of the State of Virginia, and violate its rights, by the forcible seizure and annexation to the General Government, of a county and city of that State." We have no information on the subject. It was his bounden duty to have done so, if he was on the spot, and probably knows who are the authors of the scheme, and its aiders and abettors. As the recognized Governor of Virginia he should, before this, have represented officially to Congress the facts of the case, and endeavored to protect the rights and interests of the Commonwealth in this matter. What ever may be his own feelings towards the people of Alexandria, he owed it to himself and to the State, not to stand quietly by and see so great a wrong and injury perpetrated. He is so much under an obligation, express and implied, to see that Alexandria is not torn away from Virginia, as he would be, if an attempt were made to seize Richmond and Norfolk as "necessary defenses" of the City of Washington. One city is as much under his care, in this respect, as the others. For him to remain apathetic, on such an occasion, is to betray his trust. He knows how the old State has been cruelly harried, and hunted, and mangled.—Does he want to see more of it? We trust not. We should be glad to record that he has acted as the Governors in old times would have acted, if such an outrage had been threatened, or was impending.

The radical cry is, "make treason odious." What they call treason is the practical carrying out of the doctrines expressed and urged for many years, by some of the most prominent of the present leaders of this same radical party. They were, then, "stepped to the chin," in unqualified resistance, or anything else, in opposition to the laws of Congress which they did not like. Laying all this aside, however, and calling their former talk of "resistance," by their present phrase of "treason," do these people really think they are making "treason odious" by pursuing the course they do, and advocating the measures they propose? Why, if they were not blinded by passion and hatred, they would see they are effecting the very reverse of their pretended object. But are they blinded by hate? That is the question. Is not their conduct induced by a cool, deliberate, planned scheme for ulterior purposes—in which making "treason odious" has no part nor lot? Let men consider that.

The Committee of the House of Representatives on the affair between Mr. Grinnell and Mr. Rousseau have made a majority and minority report—three to two. The majority recommend the expulsion of Mr. Rousseau; declare his approval of the personal reflections made by Mr. G. upon Mr. R. in debate; and propose the bringing before the House of Messrs. Pennington, of Kentucky; Swigley, of Kentucky; and McGraw, of Ohio, who were present as the friends of Mr. Rousseau, when the difficulty occurred, to answer for contempt of the privileges of the House, in aiding and abetting the assault. The minority recommend that Mr. Rousseau be reprimanded by the Speaker, instead of being expelled, and concur in the other two resolutions of the majority.

A communication from the Secretary of War, in response to a resolution of the Senate, enclosing a report from Gen. Dyer, chief of ordnance, in which the latter says Harper's Ferry cannot, in his opinion, be ever again used to advantage for the manufacture of arms. The detention of the property of the United States at that point is not necessary or advantageous to the public interests, beyond the temporary use of so much as may be required for the ordnance department, and he recommends that as soon as that department can be broken up, all the public land, buildings, and other property there be sold, and the proceeds of the sale be applied to the construction of the armory in the West, as now authorized and directed by law to be established.

To the House of Representatives, yesterday, Mr. Francis Thomas, of Md., spoke for nearly an hour in favor of increasing the tax on imported bituminous coal. He contended that the increased tax was necessary, and that if it were not laid, the Nova Scotia mines would come in and enjoy a monopoly of the coal trade in this country. He urged, in this connection, the interests of Maryland, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and the Alleghany Mining Companies—all of which, he contended, would be placed in jeopardy if the duty was to be 50c. per ton. He proposed \$1.50.

Senator J. H. Lane, of Kansas, shot himself through the head, at Leavenworth, yesterday, and, at last accounts, was expected to die.

The house of a man named Bristol, in Loraine, Ohio, was entered, a few days ago, by a party of men who said they were U. S. officers in search of "stolen bonds." They seized the inmates of the house, put them in irons, pounced upon \$20,000 in gold and bonds, and then cleared out! The people of the house, were, after a while released, but the robbers had made their escape.

Mr. Robert Dale Owen, who writes letters, generally, on all subjects of public interest, is now out upon Mexican affairs. He contends that comity to France does not forbid aid to Mexico as against Maximilian, and for that aid we could obtain a valuable acquisition of territory on the Pacific.

Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, made yesterday, a very excellent speech, on the bill to establish negro suffrage in the Territories. He had a "colloquy" on that matter with Mr. Stewart, the "new convert," in which the latter came off "second best."

The rather remarkable letter of Mr. J. W. Forney—written in January last—recommending for office, "an Andrew Johnson democrat"—has a blank. It is said that the blank should be filled with the name of Mr. Stebbins, a New York banker.

A case is being prepared by a citizen of Springfield, Illinois, to test before the United States Supreme Court the constitutionality of the income tax. This income tax is always an unpopular one, both in England and this country.

It is again reported that there are to be changes in the Cabinet. At least three members of the Cabinet, it is said, are to go out.—Secretary Harlan and Attorney General Speed are mentioned as two of these.

The steamship Great Eastern was to have left the Medway, with the new Atlantic cable on board, on the 30th ult. The laying of the cable is to commence on the 8th.

Rev. Dr. Minnigerode, rector of St. Paul's Church, Richmond, will leave for Europe on to-morrow.

Dr. S. A. Davidson, a prominent physician, in Baltimore, died in that city, yesterday.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

The Secretary of the Treasury yesterday sent to the Senate a communication in response to a resolution in relation to the appointment of Albert Elmore as collector of customs at Mobile, Ala. The Secretary transmits a copy of the official oath, taken by Mr. Elmore in the form required by law. The department had information, prior to Mr. Elmore's appointment, that he had never held office under the late Confederate Government, nor given the same aid and support.

A communication has been received at the Department of State from our legation at London, enclosing two pamphlets relating to certain experiments by Dr. James Dewar, of Kirkcaldy, for testing the efficacy of sulphurous acid gas as a disinfectant. Results are cited which lead to the conviction that the diseases cholera, diphtheria, pneumonia, and others, may be not only very much modified, but even wholly prevented by this means.

The U. S. steamer Nyack and Suwanee were at Panama. The commander of the former, L. H. Newman, died at Callao, May 31st, of brain fever. The U. S. steamer St. Mary's was to leave Panama for San Francisco on the 23d, for Valparaiso, being strongly fortified. Admiral Pearson, with the steamer Powhatan and double ended Waterloo, was at Callao.

The Chicago Tribune, one of the rabid supporters of the faction now in power, denounces the Amendment Tariff bill as "a pure scheme of plunder without the slightest excuse or palliation," and threatens to hold "every Western member of Congress who votes for it, whatever his politics may be, up to the execration of his defrauded constituents."

From the latest Paris fashions, it will be seen that the newest thing in bonnets is to have one full blown rose on the top of the head; the leaves are supposed to be falling, and in their fall hang lightly on the veil, lending there as if unwilling to descend to earth. Is not that pretty? What a "love of a bonnet."

An English counterfeiter of greenbacks has been arrested at Atlanta. He states that the bills were made at Nottingham, England, and that he, with nine accomplices, came here for the purpose of peddling them. Three are in New York, two in Boston, one in Cincinnati, one in St. Louis, one in Nashville and one unknown.

The St. Paul (Minn.) Press reports the arrival of a messenger from the Red River Settlement, (some five hundred miles north of St. Paul,) who brings the news that a cattle train of a thousand cars, with furs worth more than a hundred thousand dollars, is on its way to the lakes.

It is understood that Captain Jerome Tidlow, described in the scene of the manning of Mr. Davis, is preparing a statement, reflecting upon the accuracy of Doctor Craven's statement, in regard to that occurrence, and it is also said contradicting some of the points of the narrative.

The Savannah News and Herald says, that a freedman arrested in Macon for the murder of a woman in Wilkes county, was brought back to the scene of the outrage, and after having portions of his body mutilated, he was bound to a tree, surrounded by fagots, and burned.

Generals Steedman and Fullerton are now investigating the workings of the Freedmen's Bureau in Louisiana. Two Justices of the Peace in Vidalia Parish, Louisiana, have been arrested under the Civil Rights Bill and taken to New Orleans for trial.

It is understood that General Joseph E. Johnston, will retain his position as President of the National Express Company, and also that of President of the Tennessee and Alabama River Railroad, to which he has been recently elected.

Judge Martin F. Conway, at one time a Representative in Congress from Kansas, originally a printer by profession, has been confirmed as consul at Marseilles, France.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Joseph M. Humphreys as collector of customs at Richmond, Va.

Victor Hugo, is engaged on a new novel—and Lamartine's Memoirs are soon to be published.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The case of the attempted outrage of Miss Mathews, of Nelson, for which the black scoundrel who attempted it was hung by the citizens, has been investigated by officers of the Freedmen's Bureau. The report of the committee of inquiry was to the effect that, though, as officers, they could countenance nothing that was not in exact accordance with the laws, yet as citizens they could see nothing to blame in the hasty but well merited vengeance of the lady's neighbors.

The Richmond Times says:—"Several hundred young negro men meet every night in that quarter of the city known as Navy Hill, for the purpose of drilling. Though the exercises which are, in many instances, especially on Saturday nights, prolonged throughout the night, are conducted on foot, the officers are, in all cases, armed with cavalry swords."

A lot of ground nineteen feet nine inches front and forty-four feet deep, on Main street, Richmond, Va., sold last week for four hundred and eighty-five dollars the front foot.—The lot was part of the estate of A. Bargamen, Sr., and the purchasers were Messrs. Nowlan & Co., the occupants of the adjoining property.

The commencement exercises at Washington College were well attended. Gen. Lee was, of course, "the observed of all observers." He was, as ever, modest and retiring. Dr. Duncan delivered an admirable address on the "Lesson of the Hour." The orations before the literary societies were very creditable performances.

The "Lovers' Walk" at the "White Sulphur" is now a sheep path, the tall room of one of our most popular watering places was last year used for packing hay, while pistol galleries, bowling alleys, billiard saloons, music stands, bath houses and tiger dens have fallen to ruin and send forth no sound of life.

On Friday D. T. Williams, tobacco merchant of Richmond capped the climax. He sold a box of 168 pounds of very fine tobacco, grown in Halifax county, Va., at \$225 per hundred. This is the highest price which has been paid in Richmond the present season, or indeed since the evacuation.

Speaking of the wheat crop of lower Virginia, the Richmond Times says:—"The commission merchants of Baltimore already own the crops; they have in many cases made cash advances to the full value of the wheat the planters will have for sale."

Rev. Dr. Sargent, formerly of the Baltimore Conference, takes charge of Centenary Church, Richmond. Bishop Doegert, the late pastor of this church, will leave in a few days to attend to Episcopal duties in his district in the West.

A very large quantity of counterfeit small notes are in circulation in Richmond.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The War Commenced.

The steamships Bremen, City of Boston, and Cuba, have arrived, bringing dates to the 24th ult. Not only has war been formerly declared by both Prussia and Italy against Austria, but active hostilities have commenced. Prussia, which has taken the initiative throughout, seems still to have the lead in military as well as in diplomatic manoeuvres. The Prussians on the 15th ultimo crossed over into the kingdom of Saxony, and were pushing forward into Bohemia. The appearance of the Austrian army was also expected in Saxony, upon which an engagement would no doubt take place. In the first engagement, which took place between the Prussians and Hessians near Frankfurt, the former were victorious. The despatch does not give the numbers engaged, but the fact that a regiment of Hessians was "almost annihilated" would seem to intimate that it was merely an attempt upon the part of the Hessians to impede the onward march of the Prussian army.

Diplomatic relations between Bavaria, as indeed between nearly all the German States and Prussia, have been broken off, and their various representatives ordered to leave Berlin. Of the movements of the Italian troops we have no information, except that they crossed the Mincio unopposed, on the 23rd ult.

In Great Britain, there is a "ministerial crisis." The Ministers were defeated on one of the clauses of the reform bill, by a majority of eleven. A resignation is thought probable. There is a report that Cardinal Antonelli at Rome, has resigned.

A military revolt broke out at Madrid on the 23rd ult., but the insurgents were "put down." Gen. Prim has been arrested at Bayonne, by the French authorities.

Mr. Forney's Letter.

Mr. Forney invites the President to publish whatever letters of his may be in the President's possession, and furnishes himself the following:—"New York, January 2, 1866.

"MY DEAR MR. PRESIDENT: I have been in this city for two days, and now write under an impulse which I cannot restrain, because I feel it to be for your own good and that of the country. I take it for granted you are resolved not to be unkind to your own friends, and that you will not allow your friends, who have heartily sustained your policy, to feel that they are without your aid and encouragement. Whether you are a candidate for President or not, and if you are not, I shall be greatly surprised with the wonderful favor that has crowned your restoration policy, you should not allow the great office to go to indifferent men, or those clearly in the interests of your foes. I need not repeat to you that I am not, as ever, for twenty years shown in my writings, and since your great act of patriotism in 1860 especially, your open and avowed friend. Where I am to-day my two newspapers both daily show to the world. Hence, in what I now say, I speak no idle words, but mean all I say. The collector's office at New York City is a post that you should dispose of outside of all the politicians; not I mean, to defy them, but to select your own man, who should be free only to help you and serve the Government—one they could neither attack nor use. Such a man is—of this city. He was elected to Congress in—of this city, but, like you, refused to follow the party into treason. He served a short time with great distinction, and resigned on account of ill health. He was a member of the Committee of Ways and Means, and won great applause. He is a very able man, educated to finance, intensely national, honest, and independent, and could furnish millions of security. He has an organizing mind; would make you a party or fight your battles single-handed. He is an Andrew Johnson Democrat; in short, I write in the knowledge that he would accept, and that his appointment would be hailed with joy by this whole community.

"Yours, truly, J. W. FORNEY.

"To the President, &c."

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.—In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Wilson reported the House bill to pay the 6th, 8th, and 11th regiments of Ohio volunteer militia, and other volunteer forces called into service to repel Kirby Smith's invasion in 1862, which was passed. The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses, on the Freedmen's Bureau bill, made a report, which was concurred in, and the bill goes to the President. The bill to amend the organic acts of the Territories of Montana, Idaho, Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, &c., was taken up, the question being on the amendment of Mr. Buckalew to strike out the question providing for universal suffrage. Considerable debate ensued, continuing most of the afternoon.

In the House of Representatives, a resolution, introduced by Mr. Perham, of Maine, looking to the protection of loyal people in the South from outrage and persecution, was adopted. The tariff bill was under consideration for some time in Committee of the Whole, and at 4.45 p. m., the House adjourned.

A SCENE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.—While the Reform bill was under discussion, Mr. Whalley, who, the writer of the account before us says, is "absurd at any time," undertook to speak on Fenianism, and the House tried to stop him. Whalley, however, "was as obstinate as he was absurd," and the writer says:—"For nearly an hour he persevered in shrieking out a stream of nonsense at the top of his voice, and enforcing it by frantic gesticulation, while the House roared at him in every variety of parliamentary, and in some varieties of unparliamentary, interruption. Cries of 'divide' and 'agreed,' demands that the Right Honorable Member should sing, groans, something that sounded very like braying, and other sounds and noises of a wholly indescribable character assailed the Honorable member from all sides; and I should imagine that the impression produced upon the minds of the Chinese gentlemen, who had that night seats in the gallery, must have been that one Linnet was addressing an assembly of lunatics."

LITERARY EXAMINATION.—The following is from the Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial:—"The numerous public schools of Washington city, are now being examined, and also the freedmen's schools. A good story is told of the private secretary of Senator Sumner, who attended one of these institutions for teaching the contraband idea how to shoot, and was invited to propound some questions. 'Children,' said he, in a grave tone, 'what Senator can you name?' There was a pause, and then the bright boy of the class exclaimed, 'Abram Lincoln!' 'No,' said the young gentleman, 'I mean what Senator in Congress do you know, or have you heard of?' Another pause, and then a young specimen of ebony and ivory timidly suggested, 'Andy Johnson.' 'He's not a Senator, either.' Just then another pupil was inspired, and exclaimed, 'General Washington!'"

There is a suit pending in the Superior Court in New York city, between Hon. Henry May and others, of Baltimore, against Hon. Robert J. Walker, formerly Secretary of the Treasury.

The plaintiffs aver that they were retained by Mr. Walker in the well-known Almaden case, and were to be paid \$40,000 if they gained the suit. At a subsequent period Mr. Walker compromised with his opponents, and received the sum of \$1,400,000 for his share in the property, and on this the plaintiffs claim a proportionate fee, and by their claim at \$20,000, or one half the sum they say they were promised.

MARRIED.

On the 1st of July, at the residence of and by Pastor John C. Smith, JOSEPH CRAMER, of Pittsburgh, Pa., to Miss JUDITH MITCHER, of Alexandria, Va.

DIED.

On the 3rd inst., HELEN VIRGINIA, infant daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Grigg, aged 7 weeks. The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents No. 45 Pitt street, to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at ten o'clock.

CHAS. A. GLADKE

Is selling off his large stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS.

AT J. H. PARROTT'S AUCTION HOUSE, CORNER OF KING AND ST. ANNE STS., Commencing this evening. jy2-3t

Call and hear him.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, U. S. INT. REV., SEVENTH DISTRICT, VIRGINIA, ALEXANDRIA, July 2nd, 1866.

THE LIST OF ANNUAL TAXES FOR 1866, assessed under the U. S. Internal Revenue Laws for the city and county of Alexandria, will become due on the 21st inst., and must be paid during the last ten days of July, at No. 96, Prince street. A ten per cent penalty attaches on the 1st of August. T. L. SANBORN, jy2-1m Collector 7th District Virginia.

FRESH BEDFORD WATER, in half barrels, Extract Logwood, Stencil Brushes, Elixir Valerianum, Annonia, Gum Guaiacum, Fresh Congress Water, Shenck's Medicines, Coach Painter's Black, in Oil, very superior, Frey's Vermifuge, Drake's Plantation Bitters, Camphor, Quinine, Castor Oil, &c., &c., received and for sale by HENRY COOK, 39, King street. jy2-4t

LUMBER! LUMBER!! LUMBER!!! To arrive per Schrs. "Minahaha" and "Sereno." 91,525 feet Scantling, 70,400 feet Ceiling Boards, 51,800 feet Joisting, For sale to arrive by W. A. SMOOT, No. 4, King street. jy1-tf

1,200 SACKS G. A. SALT, to arrive per Schrs. Prudence, which will be sold low from vessel. W. A. SMOOT, No. 21, North Union st. ap 13-tf

TO ARRIVE—1,000 TONS SOFT BLUE LUMP PLASTER. For sale by cargo, car load, or ton, by W. A. SMOOT, jy2-tf No. 4, King street.

TO ARRIVE—A CARGO FINE SALT, for sale low from vessel, by W. A. SMOOT, jy2-2w No. 3, King street.

FORRENT—The three (3) story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, No. 40, Washington street, between Prince and Duke streets. Apply to R. LLOYD, jy2-1w cor. Washington and Oronoke sts.

FOR RENT—Several ROOMS, suitable for a store and manufacturing purposes. For further particulars enquire at No. 12 South Royal street. jy2-2t

FINE OLD KENTUCKY BOURBON WHISKEY, just received and for sale, by the barrel, or smaller quantity, by GEO. E. WHITE, 89 and 91 Cameron street. jy2-3w

MAIZENA.—Refined Maizena, or Corn Flour, for Puddings, Pies, Blanc Manges, &c., just received and for sale by GEO. E. WHITE, 89 and 91, Cameron street. jy16-2w

GEO. E. WHITE, Liberty Hall, 89 and 91, Cameron street, Invites attention to his very extensive and choice stock of GROCERIES, embracing Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Spices, Hams, Bacon, Flour, Candles, Soap, Molasses, Butter, Cheese, Canned Meats and Fruits, Jellies, Fari-na, Corn Starch, and a great variety of articles, usually found in a grocery store.

RUCE'S CONCENTRATED FERTILIZER. SWAN ISLAND GUANO. HAY, GRAIN and FEED always on hand. He also asks attention to his unusually large and fine stock of LIQUORS.

of every description, consisting of Whiskies high and low grades, Brandy, Gin, California Wines, Champagne, Port, Sherry, and other Wines, Jamaica Spirits, Santa Cruz Rum, Cordials, Ale from the Washington Brewery, in barrels and half barrels, &c., &c.

Also, CIGARS and TOBACCO, in great variety. Goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. oe 16-tf

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE. WAGON YARD.

The subscriber has leased the extensive stable and grounds at the corner of Fairfax and Queen streets, which he has thoroughly repaired and cleaned, and where all kinds of having anything done in the livery line can be accommodated to their satisfaction.

Country people can have their stock and wagons well taken care of by leaving them at the wagon yard. Excellent stabling and grooming furnished horses here for sale. Horses liveryed in the best style at \$15 a month. JAMES A. FUGITT, Alexandria, Va. ap 30-tf

THE SUBSCRIBER IS AUTHORIZED to offer for sale the FARM of Joseph Kerby, esq. This farm is situated at the mouth of Broad Creek, on the Maryland Shore, where it empties into the Potomac river. It is an excellent alluvial soil, well adapted to the growth of all the crops usually grown in that fertile section of country. It is about four miles below Alexandria. Crops may be shipped directly from the garden. The improvements consist of a large frame dwelling, containing eight rooms, and all the necessary out-buildings, in good repair. From one hundred to three hundred acres will be sold to suit purchasers.—A rare opportunity is offered to those desiring a safe investment, or to engage in agricultural pursuits, as it will be sold at a great bargain.—For terms, &c., apply to J. H. BALL MARBURY, Atty for owner, T. B. P. O., Pr. Geo. Co. Md. or to W. ARTHUR TAYLOR, Alex., Va. Pr. George's Co., Md.—je 11-2wtf

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!! We have now on hand a large stock of very SUPERIOR BOSTON ICE:

and our arrangements are such that we can promise all our customers a prompt and regular supply of the same during the entire season, at lowest market rates. Proprietors of hotels, restaurants and steamboats will find it to their advantage to see us before making arrangements elsewhere. Orders from the country will be promptly filled. The ice securely packed and forwarded with dispatch by Express or Railroad, as may be desired. M. ELDRIDGE & CO., Office, No. 4, south wharves. ap 6-tf

BOOTS AND SHOES! NEW STOCK! NEW STYLES! CHEAP!

Just received, a large and well selected stock of Ladies' Gent's, Misses, and Children's BOOTS, SHOES, and GAITERS, of every description, and of the latest styles. Ladies, in want of good and nice fitting shoes, for themselves and children, at very moderate prices, will do well to call at No. 80, King st. feb 15-tf JOHN T. EVANS.

TURK'S ISLAND SALT. 5,000 bushels bright

in store and for sale by my 1-tf HOOE & WEDDERBURN.

ARTHUR C. KELL HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER No. 5 South Washington St. ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Country Work solicited. GLAZING and GRADING promptly executed. jan 1-tf

F. G. SWAINE, No. 26, North Royal street, Has constantly on hand a full supply, and is constantly receiving fresh invoices of GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, and all other articles generally found in a first class GROCERY and LIQUOR STORE, and will sell as low as they can be bought in this market. sep 12-tf

JAS. RECTOR SMOOTH, JOHN PERRY. DEALERS IN LUMBER, NAILS, LIME, CEMENT, AND CALCINED PLASTER, No. 30 North Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA. y 15-tf

LUMBER! LUMBER!! LUMBER!!! For sale. ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES. Hunter's Wharf, near the Tunnel. R. J. SLOAN. B. F. BRUNER. ia 19-6m

MESSRS. BOWEN, BRO. & CO. HAVE duly assigned and transferred to me, in trust, for the benefit of their creditors, all their assets, including open accounts, bills receivable, &c. All persons indebted to the above firm will please forward amounts, due by them, to J. B. HUTCHINSON, At National Bank of Metropolis, Washington, D. C. jy2-3t

RECEIVED THIS DAY— Selected Sugar Cured Hams, do. do. do. Shoulders, Clear Sides, and Choice Family and Extra Flour. J. GRIGG, 109 King street. jy7-tf

WAGONS, HARNESSES, FIFTH CHAINS, Spreaders, Double Trees, Swingle Trees, &c., &c., for sale by KNOX & SMITH, No. 26, King street. mar 30-tf

WINDOW GLASS AND PUTTY.—A full supply of French and American WINDOW GLASS, just received and for sale at the lowest rates. HENRY COOK, 39, King street. jan 31-tf

PURE GROUND COFFEE. COFFEE roasted and ground weekly, and for sale wholesale and retail, at prices to suit, by mh 14-tf J. C. MILBURN.

20 BOXES SHAKER'S GARDEN SEED—nearly put up in boxes for retailers, received and for sale by HENRY COOK, feb 28-tf 39, King st.

F. WESTWOOD ASHBY has been appointed Local Agent for the FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Alexandria, to solicit and receive applications for insurance. He may be found at the store of E. J. Miller, No. 65, King st., Alexandria. my 25-tf

F. G. SWAINE, Invites the attention of the trade to his large and well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, and LIQUORS. my 15-tf

100 BBL'S. OLD DOMINION and other standard brands EXTRA FLOUR—50 bbls. Welch's Family Flour—for sale by JOHN S. KNOX, Jr., No. 10, Union street. my 15-tf

Paper Hanging.

WALL PAPERS, BORDERS, FIRE BOARD PRINTS, WINDOW PAPER. JOHN P. CLARKE

Has resumed his business at the old stand, NO. 158, KING STREET. HIS PAPER HANGING DEPARTMENT, contains as usual the choicest, both, PLAIN AND DECORATIVE, of the most celebrated FRENCH AND AMERICAN MANUFACTURE,

suitable for Parlors, Dining Rooms, Halls, &c. All orders for PAPERING Private Dwellings and Public Buildings will be promptly executed in the most superior style at the lowest prices.

The many years experience in this business makes him confident in giving satisfaction to all that may favor him with their patronage. mh 24-tf

178 WALL PAPERS. 178

SOUTH KING ST., | SOUTH KING ST., WINDOW SHADES, PAPER CURTAINS, PICTURE FRAMES, SHADE FIXTURES, PICTURE CORDS, TASSELS, FIRE BOARD PRINTS, BORDERS, &c.

The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he has on hand, and will be constantly receiving, choice selections of the above named goods, which will be sold at reduced prices for cash.

All orders for Paper Hanging, Window Shades, putting down carpets, &c., will be promptly attended to by experienced workmen, and at moderate charges.

A. M. TUBMAN, my 21-tf 178, south side King street.

171 WALL PAPERS, 171

WINDOW SHADES, PICTURE FRAMES, CORDS & TASSELS.

Having purchased the Paper Store of Jefferson Tracey, No. 171, King street, I hereby announce to the citizens of Alexandria that I have now on hand and am receiving a large and well assorted stock of the above goods. Picture Frames made to order. Carpets cut, made, and put down to order. Also attends to the making of Curtains, and repairing of Venetian Blinds. Country orders solicited. mh 15-tf GEO. H. SMITH.

THE VIRGINIA IMMIGRATION SOCIETY, Incorporated by the General Assembly, and composed exclusively of VIRGINIAN PROPERTY HOLDERS.

Have determined